EXHIB	11 <u>4</u>	
	2.9.	15
H B	382	

HB 382 Testimony By Patti Jacques

Currently our laws, both Federal and State, use words as mental defect or mental defective in describing a mental illness disorder, also known as (aka) a mental disorder or behavioral health disorder.

We do not describe developmentally disabled or intellectual disabilities as developmentally defective or intellectual defect or epilepsy defective, but these disabilities are legitimate health disorders, as is mental illnesses a.k.a. mental disorders, are legitimate health disorders as recognized by the Federal and our State Laws.

Currently we have a Montana Law 53-21-102 (9)(a) Definitions- M.C.A.

- defining mental disorders -
- (a) Mental Disorder means any organic, mental, or emotional impairment that has substantial adverse effects on an individual's cognitive or volitional functions.
- (b) The term does not include:
- (i) addiction to drugs or alcohol;
- (ii) drug or alcohol intoxication;
- (iii) intellectual disability; or
- (iv) epilepsy.
- (c) A mental disorder may co-occur with addiction or chemical dependency.

HB 382 has listed numerous Montana State Laws that refer mental disorders as mental defect or defective. People with mental illness disorder disabilities do not want their illness to be defined as defect or defective just like people with developmentally or intellectual disabilities do not want their disorder to be defined as defect or defective.

I'm asking all of you - Let Montana go forward, let us stop the stigmatizing of a disability, and show our State and Nation we are going to change the world by one word (from defect to disorder), we are going to change our thoughts towards others by changing one word (from defect to disorder), we are going to change discrimination within our State Laws by one word (from defect to disorder), we as a State will eliminate abusive language in our laws by one word (from defect to disorder), and by one word (from defect to disorder) our State will acknowledge acceptance of a mental illness disorder for which there is no cure.

Stew **w*: to boil slowly or with simmering heat ~ *w* 1 : to become cooked by stewing 2: to swelter esp. from confinement in a hot or stuffy atmosphere 3: to become agitated or worried stateward \sit(y)\u00fc-ard.\sit(y)\u00fc-ard.\n [ME. fr. OE stiweard fr. sit hall sty + *weard**w**ard] 1: one employed in a large household servants, collection of frents, and keeping of accounts) 2: shoe stift-ward 3: a fiscal agent 4 a: an employee on a ship, airplane, passengers b: one appointed to supervise the provision and actively directs affairs: *MANAGER**

Steward w: to act as a steward for: *MANAGE wi: to perform steward-esp: one who attends passengers do not attend steward-esp: one who attends passengers (as on an airplane) steward-desp: one who attends passengers (as on an airplane) steward-desp: one who attends passengers (as on an airplane) steward-desp: one who attends passengers (as on an airplane) steward-desp: one who attends passengers (as on an airplane) steward-desp: one who attends passengers (as on an airplane) steward-desp: the individual's responsibility to manage his life and steward-adsp: the individual's responsibility to manage his life and steward-adsp: the individual's responsibility to manage his life and steward-adsp: the stemant of the rights of others.

sthen-ic \sthen-ik\ adj [NL sthenicus. fr. Gk sthenos strength] ? inotably or excessively vigorous or energetic <~ fever> <~ emotions> 2: PYKNIC

stib-ine \'stib-en\ poisonous flamma disagreeable odor en\ n [ISV, fr. L silbium antimony]: a colorless mable gas SbH₁ of antimony and hydrogen with a

stib-nite Vsib-nit) \ n [alter, of obs, E stibine stibnite, fr. F. fr. 1 stablum antimony, fr. Gk stib, fr. Egypt. sm]: a mineral Sb.S. consisting of antimony, travilidae that osteries in orthonombic stichomythia with a sils on assive in form in the \(n \) fig. sticken in stichomythia with a sils on assive in form the \(n \) fig. sticken in sticken sow, series \(+ \) mythat speech myth; an alternating lines (as including in sticken) in sticken in sticken sow, series \(+ \) mythat speech myth; an alternating lines (as including in sticken) in sticken in sticken sow, series \(+ \) mythat speech myth; an alternating lines (as including in sticken) in sticken in sticken sow, series \(+ \) mythat speech myth; and in classical or dispute delivered by two actors in alternating lines (as including in sticken) in sticken in sti

*Stick n 1: a thrust with a pointed instrument: STAB 2 a STICK n 1: a thrust with a pointed instrument: STAB 2 a stick around w: to stay or wait about: INCER stick-ball \stick-ball \stic

to stick insect n: any of various usu, wingless insects (esp. family in Phasmatidae) with a long round body resembling a stick old-fashioned, or unprogressive; esp: an old fogy told-fashioned, or unprogressive; esp: an old fogy old-fashioned, or unprogressive; esp: an old fogy told-fashioned, or unprogressive; esp: an old fogy to stick it vsitk-est vall [Sc. fr. pp. of E. stick] 1 Scat: UNFINISHED of 2 chieffly Scat: having falled esp. in an intended profession of stick-le-vsitk-al-vs stick-led; stick-ling \(\cdot\)-(4-)lin\(\cdot\) ME stightlen, freq, of stighten to arrange, fr. OE stitham after to be stick-led; stitk-ling \(\cdot\)-(4-)lin\(\cdot\) ME stightlen, or more at SIAR] 1: to contend esp, stubbornly and usu, on the stick-le-back \(\cdot\) stick stin to OE sticium to stick]: any of numerous small spines in front of the dorsal fine end having two or more free a stick-le-back \(\cdot\) stick at in to OE sticium to stick]: any of numerous small spines in front of the dorsal fine end having two or more free a stick-le-back \(\cdot\) stick and \(\cdot\) stick and \(\cdot\) something that baffles or puzzles: posek stick as a retireves the dice \(\cdot\) a stick and \(\cdot\) a dice table, calls the decisions, and retireves the dice \(\cdot\) a stick and \(\cdot\) something that baffles or puzzles \(\cdot\) something that baffles or puzzles; posek stick as a retireves the dice \(\cdot\) a player in any of various games (as hockey \(\cdot\) stick out \(\cdot\) 1 =: to be persistent (as in a demand or an opinion) \(\cdot\) stick out \(\cdot\) 1 =: to be persistent (as in a demand or an opinion) stick-led \(\cdot\) stick and \(\cdot\) and \(\cdot\) stick and \(\cdot\) stick and \(\cdot\) and \(\cdot\) sti

necktie

stick-seed_n: any of a genus (Lappula) of weedy herbs of the borage family with bristly adhesive fruit

stick shift n: a manually operated gearshift mounted on the steering column or floor of an automobile

stick-tight_vsik-ti_n: BLR MARIGOLD

stick-to-it-ive-ness \stik-ti_n=riv-nas\ n [fr. the phrase stick to it]

m stick-um \stik-am\n | [If the phrase stick to it]

a substance that adheres or causes adhesion in stick up \(\stik\)-am\n | [suck + \(\sum\) um (prob. alter. of \(\text{them}\)]; a substance that adheres or causes adhesion in stick up \(\stik\)-am\n | [suck + \(\sum\) um (prob. alter. of \(\text{them}\)]; a substance that adheres or causes adhesion in stick up \(\stik\)-am\n | [suck + \(\sum\) um (prob. alter. of \(\text{them}\)]; a substance that adheres or causes adhesion in stick up \(\stik\)-am\n | [suck + \(\sum\)] in ostand upright or on end; prorision as act in defense of; support |

stick-up \(\stik\)-ad\n | (such up for); to speak or stick-up \(\stik\)-ad\n | (such up for); in any of several plants (as a beggar's stick-up \(\stik\)-ad\n | (such up for); in a stick | (such up for); in a stick \(\stik\)-ad\n | (such up for); in a stick | (such up for); in a stick \(\stik\)-ad\n | (such up for); in a stick | (such up for); in a stiff | (such up for); in a stif

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stig-ma-tist \sig-ma-est, stig-mat\ n : STIGMATIC
stig-ma-tize \sig-ma-tize\ w-tized; -tiz-ing 1 a archaic: BRAND
b: to describe or identify in opprobrious terms 2: to mark with
stil-bene \stil-ben\ n [15V f. Gk stilbein to glitter]: an aromatic
stil-bene \stil-bene \n [15V f. Gk stilbein to glitter]: an aromatic
stil-bene \stil-bene \n [15V f. Gk stilbein to glitter]: an aromatic
stil-bene \stil-bene \n [16V f. Gk stilbein to glitter]: a constalline synthetic derivative C₁H₁O₂ of stilbeine that differs
from the related diethylstilbestrol in lack of the ethyl groups and
an possession of but slight estrogenic activity 2: DIETHYLSTIL
BESTROL
Stil-bit \stil-bit\ n [F. f. Gk stilbein]: a mineral NaCa₂Al₂Si₁O₄, 14H₂O consisting of a hydrous silicate of aluminum, calstil-bit activities and often accurate in the benefits.

of crystals

Stille Vst(a)N/n [ME, fr. OE stiget; akin to OE stagger stair—more at STAR]: a step or set of steps for passing over a fence or wall; akin: 1 URNSTILE

*stille n [prob. fr. D still post]: one of the vertical members in a frame or panel into which the secondary members are fitted stillet to vsta-let-(b)o/n, pf. tos or toes [lt. dim. of stillo stylus with a blade thick in proportion to its breadth 2: a pointed mistrument for pieroing holes for cyclets or embordery with a blade thick in proportion to its breadth 2: a pointed mistrument for pieroing holes for cyclets or embordery still vstill/adf [ME stille, fr. OE: akin to OHG stilli still, OE steall still) 1 a : devoid of or abstaining from motion b archain self-inverse contained (~ wine> d (1); of, relating to or being a static photographa secontrasted with a motion picture (2): engaged in taking still photographs (~ photographer) 2 a: uttering no sound: OHET b: SUBULE) MUTED 3 a: CALM. * STILL 1 a * ALLAY, CALM b: to put an end to: SETILE 2 to still w 1 a * ALLAY, CALM b: to put an end to: SETILE 2 to still w 1 a * ALLAY, CALM b: to put an end to: SETILE 2 to still w 1 a * ALLAY, CALM b: to put an end to: SETILE 2 to still w 1 a * ALLAY, CALM b: to put an end to: SETILE 2 to still w 1 a * ALLAY, CALM b: to put an end to: SETILE 2 to still w 1 a * ALLAY, CALM b: to put an end to: SETILE 2 to still w 1 a * ALLAY, CALM b: to put an end to: SETILE 2 to still w 1 a * ALLAY, CALM b: to put an end to: SETILE 2 to still w 1 a * ALLAY, CALM b: to put an end to: SETILE 2 to still w 1 a * ALLAY, CALM b: to put an end to: SETILE 2 to still w 1 a * ALLAY, CALM b: to put an end to: SETILE 2 to still w 1 a * ALLAY, CALM b: to put an end to: SETILE 2 to still w 1 a * ALLAY, CALM b: to put an end to: SETILE 2 to still w 1 a * ALLAY, CALM b: to put an end to: SETILE 2 to still w 1 a * ALLAY, CALM b: to put an end to: SETILE 2 to still w 1 a * ALLAY, CALM b: to put an end to: SETILE 2 to put an end to: SETILE 2 to still w 1 a * ALLAY, CALM b: to put an end to: SETILE 2 to still w

It silent: QUIET still adv 1: without motion <sit ~> 2 archaic a: ALWAYS.

STILL ADV 1: without motion <sit ~> 2 archaic a: ALWAYS.

STILL ADV 1: without motion <sit ~> 2 archaic a: ALWAYS.

STILL ADV 1: WALLEY b: IN a progressive manner: INCREASINGLY 3—

Bened as a function word to indicate the continuance of an action or condition <> Wived there>

STILL ADV 1: STILL ADV 1: STILL ADV 1: AND ARCHAIL ADV

decumentary purposes set the design of the still of the s

still hunt n: a quiet pursuing or ambushing of game still life n, pl still lifes 1: a picture consisting predominantly of manifmate objects 2: the category of graphic arts concerned with manifmate subject matter 1: one who owns or operates a still 2 still-man / n; 1: one who owns or operates a still 2 approach by stealth

1: one who owns or operates a still 2

to the who tends distillation equipment as in an oil refinery) still-room \still-rim, \(\text{-rim} \) \(n \) equipment as in an oil refinery) still-room \(\text{stil-rim} \), \(\text{-rim} \) \(n \) \(\text{-rim} \) \(n \) \(\text{-rim} \) \(\text{-rim}

stincted with cream

stincted with cream

stincted visited in [ME (northern dial.)] chiefly Scot & Institution of Colombia

stincted in the colombia of the co

fr. Gk ophites (lithos), lit., serpentine captions snake, akin to L anguis snake, echidos hedgehog, OE ed, echidna viper, echinos hedgehog, OE green and often mottled or blotched

having or being a rock fabric in which wistals are enclosed in later formed augite with a few of the property having or being a rock fabric in which

ie n: a branch of medical science functions, and diseases of the eye — aj-ik \ adj — oph-thal-mo-log-i-cal-ly

al-ma-sköp, äp-\ n [ISV]: an instrually perforated for use in viewing the
perforation of the perforation of the

opining [MF opiner, fr. L opinari to say state as an opinion $\sim vi$: to express

WE fr. MF, fr. L opinion-, opinio: akin to judgment, or appraisal formed in the matter b: APPROVAL ESTEEM 2 a: belief and less strong than positive knowledge 3 a: a formal expression by an expert b: the formal expression (as by a judge.

conviction, Persuasion, Sentiment a judgment one holds to be true adj: unduly adhering to one's own notions — opin-ion-at-ed-ly adv —

1: of, relating to, or consisting of opinionated — opinion-ative-ly adv

Grank n. pl branchs [NL Opistho-Gk opisthen behind + branchion gill — Grant a large order (Opisthobranchia) of a large order (Opisthobranchia) of the branchia of a large order opisthobranchia opisthobranchi

thing no-thos adj [Gk opisthen besection of Gk epi- on — more at EPI-] 1

2: having the mouthparts ventral and
used esp. of insects

L fr Gk opion. fr. dim. of opos saple

L fr Gk opion. fr. dim. of opos saple

2: something having an effect like

opos rasûm. rsupi Dide

Eurasian poppy (Papaver somniferum) the source of opium, for its edible oily

te posi-

opossum 1

ADVERSARY shared meaning element aniests opposition
SISTIC OPPOSING 2: situated in front
adj [ME, fr. MF opportun, fr. L
portus port, harbor — more at 0a-]
for a particular occurrence <an of an appropriate time <an of offer of

resisted 2: capable of being placed against one or more of the remaining digits <man's ~ thumb> — op.pos.ability \po-zə-remaining digits <mar/> op.pos.ability \po-zə-remaining digits
op.pos.ability
op.pos.abili

a right-handed batter and near the third base line for a left-handed batter https://dx.doi.org/10.10/ a single to the ~ field > — op-po-site-ly adv — op-po-site system of the solid part as to be or seem irreconcil-meaning element; being so far apart as to be or seem irreconcil-meaning element; being so far apart as to be or seem irreconcil-meaning element; being so far apart as to be or seem irreconcil-third stand in sharp contrast or complete antagonism cheld that stand in sharp contrast or complete antagonism cheld that stand in sharp contrast or complete stands of opposite directions > CONTRADICTORY applies to things that so opposite directions > CONTRADICTORY applies to things that so opposite directions > CONTRADICTORY applies to things that so opposite directions > CONTRADICTORY applies to things that so opposite directions > CONTRADICTORY applies to things that so opposite dispersion of the problems of the other completely negate each other that if one is true or valid the other completely negate each other that if one is true or valid the other completely negate each other that if one is true or valid the other completely negate each other that if one is true or valid the other completely negate each other that if one is true or valid the other completely negate each other that if one is true or valid the other completely negate each other that if one is true or valid the other completely negate each other that if one is true or valid the other completely negate each other that if one is true or valid the other completely negate each other that if one is true or valid the other completely negate each other that if one is true or valid the other completely negate each other that if one is true or valid the other completely negate each other that if one is true or valid the other completely negate each other that if one is true or valid the other c

mine> < they drifted on the stresses clear and unequivocal diametric opposition and women are eternally antithetical—H. L. Mencken> 30posite adv: on or to an opposite side
30posite prep 1: across from and usu. facing or on the same level with <sat ~ each other> 2: in a role complementary to level with <sat ~ each other> 2: in a role complementary to level with <sat ~ each other> 2: in a role complementary to level with <sat ~ each other> 2: in a role complementary to level with <sat ~ each other> 2: in a role complementary to level with <sat ~ each other> 3: a member of a system or class who holds opposite number in a corresponding system or class <union executives met with their opposite in system or class <union executives met with their opposite in system or class <union executives met with their opposite in system or class <union executives met with their opposite in system in industry> 0. 1: a configuration in which one clessial body is opposite another in the sky or in which the clessial body is opposite another in the sky or in which the clessial body is opposite another in the sky or in which the clessial body is opposite another in the sky or in which the clessial body is opposite another in the sky or in which the clessial body is opposite another in the sky or in which the clessial body is opposite another in the sky or in which their opposite or over against: the condition of being so set 4: hostile opposite or over against: the condition of being so set 4: hostile opposite or over against: the condition of being so set 4: hostile opposite or over against: the condition of being so set 4: hostile opposite or over against: the condition of being so set 4: hostile opposite or over against + premere to press. Opposite in a pressure of opposite or opposite or over against + premere to press. Opposite or opposite or

a back ä bake ä cot, cart ch chin e less ē easy g gift i trip ī life g sing ō flow o flaw oi coin th thin th this a abut au out y yet yü few yu furious zh vision j joke ù foot ii loot





3 see INVENT 2 DIS

DISCOVER, ASCERTAIN, DETERMINE, UNEARTH, LEARN shared

sceriain, Defermine, Unearth, Learn shared mean to find out something not previously known to on

ack of continui-nent at which a not conal discovering b (1) archaic: Disclosure (2) obs: DISPLAY of St. Checkers (2) obs: DISPLAY of St. Checkers (3) obs: DISPLAY of St. Checkers (4) obs: Checker

ned : DIS otherence s used ollects phono used 2

strike the ear strike to ear strike to ear ant sound townon, DIFFER-te of those who nt or harmony

tances marking 9 discorder

an instance

bascheened by ordantly adverse from the adverse from the adverse from the gross on made from the gross on made from the gross on from a debutton thating a bill or a deduction thating a bill or a deduction thating a bill or a defunction of the gross of ompter, fr. OF

m usu for cash
in discount
3 a: to leave the importance e into account give or make

nan(t)s\ w 1
discourage by apable of being

scounts; specif

sis deducted in ied by a central

(as consumer d list price MF descorager, 1: to deprive under by disfacour-age-able

ouraging : the

dis-courte-ous (Odis-Kart-a-s\alpha dis-courtesy: Rude adis-courte-ous-ly adv — dis-courte-ous-noss n dis-courte-ous-ly adv — dis-courte-ous-noss n dis-courte-ous-noss n dis-courte-ous-noss n dis-courte-ous-noss n dis-courer (Secore of Courte-ous-noss) n 1: RUDENESS 2: a rude act dis-courer (Secore of Courte-ous-noss) n dis-courer (Secore of Courte-ous-noss) n dis-courer (Secore of Courte-ous-noss) n 1 as: to make those no visible: Expose b archaic: DISPLAY 2: to obtain sight or knowledge of for the first time: FIND <~ the solution of a puzzle >~ n: to make a discourer — dis-courer-able \-kay-spn 1 see REVEAL and usu extended expression of thought on a second contected speech or writing 4 obs: social familiarity ediscourse (dis-kola)rs, -kola)rs, -dis-kola discourse cours-ing w 1: to express oneself esp. in oral dis-course (dis-kola)rs, -dis-kola course (dis-kola)rs, -kola course (dis-kola)rs, -kola)rs, -kola course (dis-kola)rs, -kola)rs, -kola course (dis-kola)rs, -kola)rs, -kola course (dis-kola)rs, -kola)rs, -kola)rs, -kola course (dis-kola)rs, -kola)rs, dis-coursed; disa subject

discriminatory \dis-kinn-to-ha-dor-t, -tor-\ adj 1: applying or favong discrimination in freatment 2: biscriminative I dis-crimination in freatment 2: biscriminative I dis-crimination in freatment 2: biscriminative I dis-crimination in freatment in the crimination of discrimination of discrimination of discrimination of discrimination on the crimination of discrimination of discriminatio

discus \dis-kes\ n. t.
more at DISH] 1 a: a
rubber, or metal) than

discuss (dis-kas n. pd discus-seg) [1. a.; a disk (as of wood, rubber, or metal) that is thicker in the center than at the perimeter and that is hurled for distance. b: a field event in which a discus of about 4½ pounds is hurled 62: Disk 2. a. b.; a field event in which a discus of about 4½ pounds is hurled 62: Disk 2. a.; bit of discutes fir discussed in consideration <-ed plans for the party - c.; to talk about 3 dos: Disk 1. discussed by reasoning or argument b: operating of the party - c.; to talk about 3 dos: Disk 1. discussed by reasoning or argument b: operating of the party - c.; to talk about 3 dos: Disk 1. discussed to consideration <-ed plans for the party - c.; to talk about 3 dos: Disk 1. discussed to consideration of a discussed russed to convince others of the validity of one's position in open and usu, informal debate 2: a formal treatment of a topic of convince others of the validity of one's position in open and usu, informal debate 2: a formal treatment of a topic of convince others of the validity of one's position in open and usu, informal debate 2: a formal treatment of a topic of convince others of the validity of one's position in open and usu, informal debate 2: a formal treatment of a topic of convince others of the validity of one's position in open and usu, informal debate 2: a formal treatment of a topic of convince others of the validity of one of task of the validity of one of task of a dost in the case of the validity of one of task of the validity of one of the validity of the validity of one of the validity of the validit

syn see EXTRICATE
dis-on-dow \\dis-on-dau\\ n : to strip of endowment
dow-or \\'-dau\(-\text{o}\)r\\ n — dis-on-dow-mont \\'-dau\-ma dis-en-

entangle — dis-en-threl \dis-ti-

dis-en-threll also dis-en-threl \dis-ti-

bondage: LBERATE

bondage: LBERATE

dis-equili-ibrate \dis-i-kwil-a-brāt\ n : to p

dis-equili-ibration _kwil-a-brā-shan\ n

dis-equili-ibri-ium \()dis-i-kwa-fib-rō-m, -d

dis-equilibri-ium \() dow-er \'dau(-s)\'n = dis-en-dow-ment \'dau-ment\ n dis-en-fran-chise \(\text{dis-n-fran-chiz} \) w: \(n \) INFRANCHISE = dis-en-fran-chise \(\text{dis-en-fran-chise-ment} \) \(\text{-chiz-ms-t} \) \(n \) in \(n \) H. \(f \) is \(d \) en-fran-chise \(d \) w: \(n \) INFRANCHISE = \(d \) en-fran-chise \(d \) w: \(n \) in \(d \) en-franchise \(d \) en-franchise \(d \) w: \(n \) fere \(d \) ending \(d \) en-franchise \(d \) is \(d \) en-franchise \(d \) for \(d \) ending \(d \) en-franchise \(d \) en-franchi

: to deprive of the status and privileges of an dis-es-tab-lish-ment \-mant\ n lish-mentari-an \-stab-lish-men-ter-ë-an, [disestablish-ment] : one who opposes an to deprive of an no opposes to put out -ek-wa-\ of balance n n, -man-\ n, established n established n established loss 10

DEFACE—dis-fea-ture (V)dus-fre-char\ w: to mair the leatures of syn see DEFACE—dis-fea-ture-ment\—nonic n [ME dis/figuren, fr. MF dis-figure \text{vis.-fig.-yr.} exp Brit.-fig.-ar\ v [ME dis/figuren, fr. MF des/figuren, fr. des.—+ figure] 1: to impair (as in beauty) by deep n and persistent injuries \(\text{a} \text{in dis/figured by smallpox} \) 2 \(\text{obs} \) in DISCUISE syn see DEFACE—dis-figure-ment\—nonic\ n \) dis-franchise \(\text{vis.-franchise} \) \(\text{vis.-franchise} \) of a legal right, or of some privilege or immunity; exp: to deprive of the right to vote—dis-franchise-ment\—chiz-mant, -chiz-\ n \) dis-franchise \(\text{vis.-franchise} \) \(\text{vis.-tranchise} \) \(\text{vis.-tranchise} \) \(\text{vis.-tranchise} \) \(\text{vis.-franchise} \) \(\text{vis.-tranchise} \) \(\

TOLD

distruristion war of Dyst-UNLTION

alteriation war of Dyst-UNLTION

with fir. dec: + fournit to furnish — more at FURNISH; to make destitute of possessions: DIVEST — dis-fur-nish-ment \manh \mathred{N} and \text{to make}

dis-gorge \(\mathred{O}\) dis-go(s)r\) \(\nu \) [MF desgorger, fi. des + gorge \(\nu \) with the dis-degorger, fi. des + gorge \(\nu \) to discharge by the throat and mouth: vount \(\nu \) is to discharge to under pressure Fitting-Currier \(\nu \) with the seas \(\nu \) on request or under pressure Fitting-Currier Seasons \(\nu \) and substanting enterone to fast the stomach \(\nu \) with the seas \(\nu \) discharge contents White-Currier Seasons \(\nu \) and is the stomach \(\nu \) with the seas \(\nu \) discharge contents White-Currier \(\nu \) and is graced in the seas \(\nu \) discharge contents White-Currier \(\nu \) and is graced by the hint of seandal > — dis-grace of none fallen from grace or honor 2: something one fit. L gratia — more at GRACE 1 1 a: loss of grace, favor, or honor be the condition of one fallen from grace or honor 2: something that disgraces White-Currier Seasons \(\nu \) by something shared meaning element: loss of esteem and good of the content of the seasons o

AAA

c repute and the resulting dement: loss or esteem and good repute and the resulting dement : loss or esteem dis-grace-ful-\dis-gras-fal\adj: bringing or involving disgrace—dis-gran-fly, -\dis-gran-al\adj: bringing or involving disgrace—dis-grun-tile \dis-gran-flow w dis-gran-fled; dis-grun-tile \dis-grun-tile \dis-gran-flow w dis-gran-fled; dis-grun-tile \dis-grun-fled; dis-grun-tile \dis-grun-fled; dis-grun-fled; dis-grun

dis-gusting adj: exciting disgust—disgustingly\cksps-tip-le\dish\dish\n [ME, fr. OE disc plate; akin to OHG disc plate, table; both fr. a prehistoric WGmc word borrowed fr. L discus quoit, disk, dish, fr. Gk diskos, fr. dikein to throw] 1 a: a more or less concave vessel from which food is served b: the contents of a dish <a \times of strawberries> 2: food prepared in a particular way 3 a (1): any of various shallow concave vessels: bradly: something shallowly concave (2): a directional microwave antenna having a concave usu, parabolic reflector b: the service of the degree of concavity 4 a: something lavored <entertainment that is just his \times b: an att

woman

2dish v 1: to put (as food for serving) into a dish — often with up 2: PRESENT — usu, used with up 3: to make a dish a dish dishabille vidis-a-bē(a)l, -bēl, -bēl v [F deshabille, fr. pp. of deshabille to undress, fr. dés- dis- + habiller to dress — more at HABILMENT] 1a archaic: NEGLIGEE b: the state of being dressed in a casual or careless style 2: a deliberately careless or dis-har-mon-ic \dis-()här-'män-ik\ adj 1 of bodily characters that results in an unus 2: exhibiting or marked by allometry dis-har-mo-ni-ous \-'mō-nē-as\ adj 1: dj 1: having a combination unusual form or appearance

20 j joke out ŋ sing ō i ch kitten chin flow o flaw Je yet less further yü e easy 20 few 9: back 00 yú. gift ā bake th thin i trip ä cot, th th this Cart life

on (var. of abscission) widespread in nature promotes leaf abscis-ect on cell elongation

-'sis-'n\ n [abscision, regulatory substances end to promote leaf rocesses compare



AP abscissa of point P

conceal -- more at reself - ab-scond.er

being absent 2: the ACK <an ~ of detail>

ibsent-, absens, prp. of - more at is] 1: not ting: LACKING <dan-M. H. Trytten> 3 Wav

osent or that absents ay from his estate or

by mail) in advance of present at the polls olonged absence of an se from duty (as work) s permitted to vote by

lost in thought and : PREOCCUPIED: also nd-ed-ty adv — ab-

t authority from one's

bsinthe, fr. L absinthisp: a common Euro-2: a green liqueur ie, and other aromatics that, fr. L absolutus, fr. free from important mit, if. L absolutus, fr. ree from imperfection i mixture: PURE <~ 1 ~ lie> 2: being, thority completely free standing apart from ther words or sentence e case in the sentence e discriptor or possession. e case in the sentence
adjective or possessive
I substantive

| blind in d ours" are ~> c of ar construction under kill in "if looks could riction, exception, or edom> 5: POSITIVE.

pendent of arbitrary pendent of arbitrary to or derived in abto or derived in the s of length, mass, and absolute-temperature E <~ knowledge> 8

ning <~ justice> 9

references or relation10: measuring or
o the ground or water
- ab-so-lute-ness n

hove see level as which bove sea level at which I flight under standard

vapor present in a unit

ninosity of a celestial

of 10 parsecs ne in a standard scale ration 2: the ability

sed on absolute zero

asured on the absolute

lue of a real number root of the sum of the a complex number

absolute zero n: a hypothetical temperature characterized by complete absence of heat and equivalent to approximately -273.16°C or -459.69°F

ab-so-tu-tion $\abso-1$ ii-shan \n : the act of absolving: specif: a remission of sins pronounced by a priest (as in the sacrament

is a remission of sins pronounced by a priest (as in the sacrament of penance)
ab-so-lutisim \abso-luti-iz-am\n 1 a: a political theory that absolute power should be vested in one or more rulers b: government by an absolute ruler or authority: Desports 2: advocacy of a rule by absolute standards or principle—ab-so-lutisit\absolute-iz\abso-lutisit\absolute-iz\abso-lutisit\absolute-iz\abso-lutisit\absolute-iz\abso-lutisit\absolute-iz\abso-lutisit\abso-lutisit\absolute-iz\abso-lutisit\absolute-iz\abso-lutisit\absolute-iz\abso-lutisit\absolute-iz\abso-lutisit\absolute-iz\abso-lutisit\absolute-iz\abso-lutisit\absolute-iz\abso-lutisit\absolute-iz\abso-lutisit\absolute-iz\abso-lutisit\absolute-iz\abso-lutisit\absolute-iz\alpha-iz\absolute-iz\alpha-iz\al

syn 1 ABSORB IMBIBE ASSIMILATE shared meaning element: to take in and incorporate something (as into the substance or mind) and dissipate (as time, energies)

2 see MONOPOLIZE

2 see MONOPOLIZE
ab-sor-bance \ab-\sor-ban(t)s, \(\frac{1}{2}\tilde{or} \ackslash n \); ABSORBENCY 2
ab-sor-bance \ab-\sor-bance\ab-\sor-bance\absor-

ab-sorp-tance \ab-sorp-tance\tag{ab-sorp-tance} \ab-sorp-tance\tag{ab-sorp-tance} \ab-sorp-tance\tag{ab-sorp-tance} \ab-sorp-tance\tag{ab-sorp-tance} \ab-sorp-tion \ab-so

stract-ed-ness n abstract expressionism n: art in which the artist attempts to convey his attitudes and emotions through nonrepresentational means — abstract expressionist n abstraction \abstraction \alpha \abstraction \alpha \alpha \abstraction \alpha \alpha \abstraction \alpha \alpha \alpha \approx \alpha \alpha

ab-strac-tion-ism \ab-\strak-\sh2-\niz-\ni\ n: the principles or practice of creating abstract art — **ab-strac-tion-ist** \-\sh(2-)\n2\)

abstract of title: a summary statement of the successive convey-ances and other facts on which a person's title to a piece of land

rests ab-strict \ab-'strikt\ vr [ab- + L strictus, pp. of stringere to draw tight — more at STRAIN]: to cut off in or as if in abstriction ab-striction \-'strik-shan\ n: the formation of spores by the cutting off of portions of the sporophore through the growth of

abstriction \'strik-shan\ n : the formation of spores by the cutting off of portions of the sporophore through the growth of septa ab-struse \ab-\struse \ab-\stru

: EFFERVESCENT 2: being in a state of agitated activity:

: ASTIR
abuild-ing \a-'bil-din\\ adj: being in the process of built
being built
abun-dance \a-'ban-dan(t)s\\ n 1: an ample quantity
sion 2: AFFLUENCE WEALTH 3: relative degree of ple

clow \a-s of uranium and thorium —H. C. Urey>
abun-dant \adj [ME, fr. MF, fr. L abundant-, avunaans,
prp. of abundare to abound] 1 a: marked by great plenty (as of
resources) <a fair and \alpha land> b: amply supplied: ABOUNDING
\angle and other natural trout food —Alexander
MacDonald> 2: occurring in abundance <\arrangle rainfall> syn see
PLENTIFUL ant scarce — abun-dant-ly adv
abundant year n: PERFECT YEAR
labuse \a-byiz\\ w abused; abus-ing [ME abusen, fr. MF abuser,
fr. L abusus, pp. of abuit, fr. ab + uti to use — more at USE] 1
: to attack in words: REVILE 2 obs: DECEIVE 3: to put to a
wrong or improper use <\arrangle a privilege> 4: to use so as to injure
or damage: MALTREAT <\arrangle a dog> — abus-able \arrangle byi-za-bal\arrangle
add — abus-er n

ito attack in words: REVILE 2 obs: DECEIVE 3: to put to a wrong or improper use <~ a privilege> 4: to use so as to injure or damage: MALTREAT <~ a dog> — abus.able \"byü-za-bal\" add — abus.er n

2abuse \a-'byüs\ n 1: a corrupt practice or custom 2: improper use or treatment: MISUSE \(drug \infty \) 3 obs: a deceitful act: DECEPTION 4: abusive language 5: physical maltreatment syn ABUSE. VITUPERATION, INVECTIVE, OBLOQUY, SCURRILITY, BILLINGSGATE shared meaning element: vehemently expressed condemnation or disapproval ant adulation abusive \a-'byi:siv. ziv\ adj 1: characterized by wrong or improper use or action: CORRUPT <~ financial practices> 2.a: characterized by or serving for verbal abuse b: physically injurious <received ~ treatment> — abusive \b' physically injurious <received ~ treatment> — abusive \b' physically alve ness n
abut \a-'bst\ vb\ abut.ted; abut.ting [ME abutten, partly fr. OF abuter to come to an end, fr. a- but end, aim — more at \(\beta UT. \beta UT! \) \(\beta UT! \

abut-tals \3-'bst-'lz\ npl: the boundaries of lands with respect to adjacent lands abut-ting adj: that abuts or serves as an abutment: ADJOINING. BORDERING syn see ADJACENT abuzz\ 2-'bsz\ adj: filled or resounding with or as if with a buzzing sound <a lake ~ with outboards> <a town ~ with excitement> aby or abye 3-'bi\ vi [ME abien, fr. OE ābyegan, fr. ā- byegan to buy — more at ABIDE. BUY] archaic: to suffer a penalty for abysm \3-'biz-mn\ n [ME abine, fr. OF abisme, modif. of LL abysus.]: ABYSS che dark backward and ~ of time —Shak.> abys.mal \3-'biz-mn\ adj 1 a: having immense or fathomless extension downward, backward, or inward <an ~ cliff> b: immeasurably great: PROFOUND <~ ignorance> che ~ sufferings of the dispossessed> 2: ABYSSAL syn see DEEP — abys.mal. ings of the dispossessed > 2 : ABYSSAL syn see DEEP - abys.mal-

ly \-mo-le\ adv

abyss \a-bis\ n [ME abissus, fr. LL abyssus, fr. Gk abyssos, fr. abyssos bottomless, fr. a- + byssos depth; akin to Gk bathys deep

ə abut ^a kitten ər further a back a bake ch chin e less ē easy g gift i trip i life au out j joke n sing o flow o flaw oi coin th thin th this u foot yu furious zh vision y yet yü few

HOUSE BILL NO. 382

2 INTRODUCED BY M. DUNWELL

- 4 A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT REVISING TERMINOLOGY RELATING TO MENTAL
- 5 REPLACING REFERENCES TO "MENTAL DISEASE OR DEFECT", "MENTAL DEFECT", AND **SIMILAR**
- 6 PHRASES WITH REFERENCES TO "MENTAL DISEASE OR DISORDER", "MENTAL DISORDER",
- 7 SIMILAR PHRASES; AMENDING SECTIONS 37-3-103, 37-60-303, 39-3-406, 39-30-103, 44-5-103, 45-2-101.
- 8 45-2-211, 45-5-501, 45-8-321, 46-14-101, 46-14-102, 46-14-103, 46-14-202, 46-14-204, 46-14-206, 46-
- 9 46-14-217, 46-14-301, 46-14-302, 46-14-304, 46-14-311, 46-14-312, 46-15-323, 53-1-104, 80-20-102,
- 10 81-30-102, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."

11

12 BE

Montana Code Annotated 2014

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53-21-102. Definitions. As used in this chapter, the following definitions apply:

- (1) "Abuse" means any willful, negligent, or reckless mental, physical, sexual, or verbal mistreatment or maltreatment or misappropriation of personal property of any person receiving treatment in a mental health facility that insults the psychosocial, physical, or sexual integrity of any person receiving treatment in a mental health facility.
- (2) "Behavioral health inpatient facility" means a facility or a distinct part of a facility of 16 beds or less licensed by the department that is capable of providing secure, inpatient psychiatric services, including services to persons with mental illness and co-occurring chemical dependency.
- (3) "Board" or "mental disabilities board of visitors" means the mental disabilities board of visitors created by <u>2-15-211</u>.
- (4) "Commitment" means an order by a court requiring an individual to receive treatment for a mental disorder.
- (5) "Court" means any district court of the state of Montana.
- (6) "Department" means the department of public health and human services provided for in $\underline{2}$ - $\underline{15-2201}$.
- (7) "Emergency situation" means:
- (a) a situation in which any person is in imminent danger of death or bodily harm from the activity of a person who appears to be suffering from a mental disorder and appears to require commitment; or
- (b) a situation in which any person who appears to be suffering from a mental disorder and appears to require commitment is substantially unable to provide for the person's own basic needs of food, clothing, shelter, health, or safety.
- (8) "Friend of respondent" means any person willing and able to assist a person suffering from a mental disorder and requiring commitment or a person alleged to be suffering from a mental disorder and requiring commitment in dealing with legal proceedings, including consultation with legal counsel and others.
- (9) (a) "Mental disorder" means any organic, mental, or emotional impairment that has substantial adverse effects on an individual's cognitive or volitional functions.
- (b) The term does not include:
- (i) addiction to drugs or alcohol;
- (ii) drug or alcohol intoxication;
- (iii) intellectual disability; or
- (iv) epilepsy.
- (c) A mental disorder may co-occur with addiction or chemical dependency.
- (10) "Mental health facility" or "facility" means the state hospital, the Montana mental health nursing care center, or a hospital, a behavioral health inpatient facility, a mental health center, a residential treatment facility, or a residential treatment center licensed or certified by the department that provides treatment to children or adults with a mental disorder. A correctional

institution or facility or jail is not a mental health facility within the meaning of this part.

- (11) "Mental health professional" means:
- (a) a certified professional person;
- (b) a physician licensed under Title 37, chapter 3;
- (c) a professional counselor licensed under Title 37, chapter 23;
- (d) a psychologist licensed under Title 37, chapter 17;
- (e) a social worker licensed under Title 37, chapter 22; or
- (f) an advanced practice registered nurse, as provided for in <u>37-8-202</u>, with a clinical specialty in psychiatric mental health nursing.
- (12) (a) "Neglect" means failure to provide for the biological and psychosocial needs of any person receiving treatment in a mental health facility, failure to report abuse, or failure to exercise supervisory responsibilities to protect patients from abuse and neglect.
- (b) The term includes but is not limited to:
- (i) deprivation of food, shelter, appropriate clothing, nursing care, or other services;
- (ii) failure to follow a prescribed plan of care and treatment; or
- (iii) failure to respond to a person in an emergency situation by indifference, carelessness, or intention.
- (13) "Next of kin" includes but is not limited to the spouse, parents, adult children, and adult brothers and sisters of a person.
- (14) "Patient" means a person committed by the court for treatment for any period of time or who is voluntarily admitted for treatment for any period of time.
- (15) "Peace officer" means any sheriff, deputy sheriff, marshal, police officer, or other peace officer.
- (16) "Professional person" means:
- (a) a medical doctor;
- (b) an advanced practice registered nurse, as provided for in <u>37-8-202</u>, with a clinical specialty in psychiatric mental health nursing;
- (c) a licensed psychologist; or
- (d) a person who has been certified, as provided for in 53-21-106, by the department.
- (17) "Reasonable medical certainty" means reasonable certainty as judged by the standards of a professional person.
- (18) "Respondent" means a person alleged in a petition filed pursuant to this part to be suffering from a mental disorder and requiring commitment.
- (19) "State hospital" means the Montana state hospital.

History: Ap. p. 38-1302 by Sec. 2, Ch. 466, L. 1975; amd. Sec. 9, Ch. 37, L. 1977; amd. Sec. 2, Ch. 546, L. 1977; Sec. 38-1302, R.C.M. 1947; (15)En. 38-106.1 by Sec. 3, Ch. 120, L. 1974; Sec. 38-106.1, R.C.M. 1947; R.C.M. 1947, 38-106.1, 38-1302; amd. Sec. 1, Ch. 547, L. 1979; amd. Sec. 18, Ch. 361, L. 1983; amd. Sec. 1, Ch. 578, L. 1983; amd. Sec. 1, Ch. 376, L. 1987; amd. Sec. 1, Ch. 262, L. 1991; amd. Sec. 1, Ch. 312, L. 1993; amd. Sec. 486, Ch. 546, L. 1995; amd. Sec. 15, Ch. 490, L. 1997; amd. Sec. 2, Ch. 310, L. 2001; amd. Sec. 6, Ch. 342, L. 2001; amd. Sec. 2, Ch. 344, L. 2001; amd. Sec. 3, Ch. 513, L. 2003; amd. Sec. 1, Ch. 81, L. 2005; amd. Sec. 1, Ch. 71, L. 2007; amd. Sec. 1, Ch. 116, L. 2007; amd. Sec. 1, Ch. 80, L. 2009; amd. Sec. 1, Ch. 481, L. 2009; amd. Sec. 20, Ch. 68, L. 2013; amd. Sec. 1, Ch. 308, L. 2013.